

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

#### SECTION 1) IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE SUPPLIER

Product Name: HydraGard MVI AW 32,46,68,100,150; Xtreme True-Flo AW 32,46,68,100,150,R&O

Economy AW 32,46,68,R&O

Synonym: Compass AW 32, 46, 68 Hydraulic Fluid

Product Code: 576384, 570302, 570311, 568341, 568333, 502006, 502009, 502011, 502004

 Revision Date:
 Nov 05, 2019
 Date Printed:
 Nov 20, 2019

 Version:
 5.0
 Supersedes Date:
 Jun 19, 2019

Manufacturer's Name: Martin Operating Partnership L.P.

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Product/Recommended Uses: Hydraulic and Lubricating Oil

# **SECTION 2) HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### Classification of the substance or mixture

Not a hazardous substance or mixture according to United States Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200) and the Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Physical Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (PHNOC)/Health Hazards Not Otherwise Classified (HHNOC)

None.

# **SECTION 3) COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight
0064742-52-5	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	80.0% - 100.0%

Specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of the composition has been withheld to protect confidentiality.

#### **SECTION 4) FIRST-AID MEASURES**

#### **Inhalation**

Remove source of exposure or move person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor. If breathing is difficult, trained personnel should administer emergency oxygen if advised to do so by the POISON CENTER/doctor.

# **Skin Contact**

Take off contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands, belts). Wash with plenty of lukewarm, gently flowing water for a duration of 15-20 minutes or until medical aid is available. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

# **Eye Contact**

If irritation occurs, cautiously rinse eyes with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes, while holding the eyelids open. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

# Ingestion

Rinse mouth. If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Most Important Symptoms/Effects, Acute and Delayed

No data available.

#### **Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed**

No data available.

# **SECTION 5) FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES**

#### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Small Fire: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water-spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen. Use caution when applying carbon dioxide in confined spaces.

Large Fire: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

#### **Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**

Do not use straight stream of water.

#### **Specific Hazards in Case of Fire**

This material will burn although it is not easily ignited. Highly dependent on combustion conditions. A complex mixture of airborne solids, liquids, and gases including carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and unidentified organic compounds will be evolved when this material undergoes combustion. Oxides of C, Zn, Ca, P and S. Additional byproducts include hydrogen sulfide, alkyl mercaptan and other sulfides Containers may explode in fire.

#### **Fire-fighting Procedures**

Isolate immediate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

#### **Special Protective Actions**

Wear protective pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

# **SECTION 6) ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## **Emergency Procedure**

Isolate hazard area and keep unauthorized personnel away. Stay uphill and/or upstream. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

# Recommended equipment

Wear chemical protective clothing and positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

#### **Personal Precautions**

Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin, eye or clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled materials unless wearing appropriate protective clothing.

#### **Environmental Precautions**

Stop spill/release if it can be done safely. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out. Caution should be exercised when using water or foam as frothing may occur, especially if sprayed into containers of hot, burning liquid. Dispose of fire debris and contaminated extinguishing water in accordance with official regulations.

# Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning up

Collect with absorbent, non-combustible material, inert material such as sand, sawdust, etc., into suitable containers. Dispose off according to federal, state and local regulations. Ventilate area after clean-up is complete.

# **SECTION 7) HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### **General**

Wash hands after use.

Do not get in eyes, on skin or on clothing.

Do not breathe vapors or mists.

Use good personal hygiene practices.

576384, 570302, 570311, 568341, 568333, 502006, 502009, 502011, 502004

Eating, drinking and smoking in work areas is prohibited.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Eyewash stations and showers should be available in areas where this material is used and stored.

#### **Ventilation Requirements**

Use only with adequate ventilation to control air contaminants to their exposure limits. The use of local ventilation is recommended to control emissions near the source.

#### **Storage Room Requirements**

All containers must be properly labelled. Store in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, strong oxidizers and any incompatibilities. Store in approved containers and protect against physical damage. Keep containers securely sealed when not in use. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed to prevent leakage. Empty container retain residue and may be dangerous.

# **SECTION 8) EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## **Eye protection**

Wear eye protection with side shields or goggles. Wear indirect-vent, impact and splash resistant goggles when working with liquids. If additional protection is needed for entire face, use in combination with a face shield.

# **Skin protection**

Use of gloves approved to relevant standards made from the following materials may provide suitable chemical protection: PVC, neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves. Suitability and durability of a glove is dependent on usage, e.g. frequency and duration of contact, chemical resistance of glove material, glove thickness, dexterity. Always seek advice from glove suppliers. Contaminated gloves should be replaced. The type of protective equipment must be selected according to the concentration and amount of the dangerous substance at the specific workplace. Launder soiled clothes or properly disposed of contaminated material, which cannot be decontaminated.

# **Respiratory protection**

If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations to a level which is adequate to protect worker, a respiratory protection program that meets or is equivalent to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134 should be followed. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.

# **Appropriate Engineering Controls**

Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of gas, vapors or dusts below their respective threshold limit value.

Chemical Name	OSHA TWA (ppm)	OSHA TWA (mg/m3)	OSHA STEL (ppm)	OSHA STEL (mg/m3)	OSHA Tables (Z1, Z2, Z3)	OSHA Carcinogen	OSHA Skin designation	NIOSH TWA (ppm)
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	500	2000			1			

Chemical Name	NIOSH TWA (mg/m3)	NIOSH STEL (ppm)	NIOSH STEL (mg/m3)	NIOSH Carcinogen	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	ACGIH TWA (mg/m3)	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	ACGIH STEL (mg/m3)
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC					(L)[N159](L) [N800]	[(L)[N159](L) [N800]]; [5 (I) [N159]5 (I) [N800]];		

Chemical Name	ACGIH Carcinogen	ACGIH Notations	ACGIH TLV Basis	CANtppm	CANtmg	CANsppm	CANsmg
MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREAT ED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	[A2[N159]A2 [N800]]; [A4 [N159]A4 [N800]];	URT irr [N159]URT irr [N800]				

URT - Upper respiratory tract

# **SECTION 9) PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# **Physical and Chemical Properties**

Density 7.75 lb/gal Specific Gravity 0.93

Appearance Amber, clear fluid

Odor Threshold N.A.

Odor Description Mild petroleum hydrocarbon

pH N.A. Water Solubility Negligible

Flammability Flash point at or above 200°F/93°C

Flash Point Symbol N.A.
Flash Point 168 °C

Viscosity  $30.37 - 141.90 \text{ cSt at } 40^{\circ}\text{C } (104^{\circ}\text{F}) \text{ or } 4.62 - 11.30 \text{ cSt at } 100^{\circ}\text{C } (212^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Lower Explosion Level N.A. Upper Explosion Level N.A. Vapor Pressure N.A. Vapor Density N.A. Freezing Point N.A Melting Point N.A. Low Boiling Point N.A. High Boiling Point N.A. Auto Ignition Temp N.A. Decomposition Pt N.A. **Evaporation Rate** N.A. Coefficient Water/Oil N.A.

# **SECTION 10) STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### **Stability**

Stable

# **Conditions to Avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, flame and contact with incompatible materials

# **Hazardous Polymerization**

Will not occur.

# **Incompatible Materials**

Avoid contact with acids and oxidizing materials.

# **Hazardous Decomposition Products**

None under normal temperatures and pressures.

# **SECTION 11) TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

# Likely route of exposure

Inhalation, ingestion, skin absorption

#### Skin Corrosion/Irritation

No data available.

# **Serious Eye Damage/Irritation**

No data available.

# Respiratory/Skin Sensitization

No data available.

#### Carcinogenicity

No data available.

# **Germ Cell Mutagenicity**

No data available.

# **Reproductive Toxicity**

No data available.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure**

No data available.

# **Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure**

No data available.

# **Aspiration Hazard**

No data available.

#### **Acute Toxicity**

No data available.

# **SECTION 12) ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### **Toxicity**

No data available.

#### **Persistence and Degradability**

No Data Available.

#### **Bio-accumulative Potential**

0064742-52-5 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC

Contains constituents with the potential to bioaccumulate.

# **Mobility in Soil**

0064742-52-5 MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC

Liquid under most environmental conditions. Floats on water. If it enters soil, it will adsorb to soil particles and will not be mobile.

# **Other Adverse Effects**

No Data Available.

# **SECTION 13) DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

# **Waste Disposal**

Under RCRA it is the responsibility of the user of the product to determine at the time of disposal whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. Waste management should be in full compliance with federal, state and local laws. Empty Containers retain product residue which may exhibit hazards of material, therefore do not pressurize, cut, glaze, weld or use for any other purposes. Return drums to reclamation centers for proper cleaning and reuse.

# **SECTION 14) Transport Information**

	IATA Information	IMDG Information	Transport Canada	U.S. DOT Information
UN number:	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated	Not Regulated

Proper shipping name:	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Hazard class:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Packaging group:	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
Hazardous substance (RQ):			No Data Available	No Data Available
Marine Pollutant:		No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Note / Special Provision:	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available	No Data Available
Toxic-Inhalation Hazard:			No Data Available	No Data Available

# **SECTION 15) REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations

CAS	Chemical Name	% By Weight	Regulation List
0064742-52-5	MINERAL OIL, PETROLEUM DISTILLATES, HYDROTREATED (MILD) HEAVY NAPHTHENIC	80% - 100%	DSL,SARA312,TSCA,TX_ESL
0068649-42-3	PHOSPHORODITHIOIC ACID, O,O- DI-C1-14-ALKYL ESTERS, ZINC SALTS	Trace	SARA313, Canada_NPRI,DSL,CERCLA,SARA3 12,TSCA,TX_ESL

# SECTION 16) OTHER INFORMATION INCLUDING INFORMATION ON PREPARATION AND REVISION OF THE SDS

#### **Glossary**

ACGIH- American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ANSI- American National Standards Institute; Canadian TDG-Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods; CAS- Chemical Abstract Service; Chemtrec- Chemical Transportation Emergency Center (US); CHIP- Chemical Hazard Information and Packaging; DSL- Domestic Substances List; EC- Equivalent Concentration; EH40 (UK)-HSE Guidance Note EH40 Occupational Exposure Limits; EPCRA- Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act; ESL-Effects screening levels; HMIS- Hazardous Material Information Service; LC- Lethal Concentration; LD- Lethal Dose; NFPA- National Fire Protection Association; OEL- Occupational Exposure Limits; OSHA- Occupational Safety and Health Administration, US Department of Labor; PEL- Permissible Exposure Limit; SARA (Title III)- Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act, Section 313; SCBA- Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus; STEL- Short Term Exposure Limit; TCEQ- Texas Commission on Environmental Quality; TLV- Threshold Limit Value; TSCA- Toxic Substances Control Act Public Law 94-469; TWA- Time Weighted Value; US DOT- US Department of Transportation; WHMIS- Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

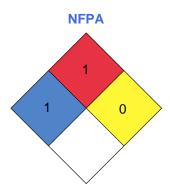
#### **Additional Information**

ACGIH Notations from Section 8:

For pure, highly and severely refined Mineral Oils (N159) and Mineral Spirits (N800) the ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) is 5 mg/m3(I), ACGIH Notations is A4

For poorly and mildly refined Mineral Oils (N159) and Mineral Spirits (N800) the ACGIH TWA (mg/m3) is (L), ACGIH Notations is A2

- (I)- Inhalable fraction
- (L)- Exposure by all routes should be carefully controlled to the levels as low as possible.
- (A2)- Suspected Human Carcinogen
- (A4)- Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen



#### Version 5.0:

Revision Date: Nov 05, 2019

Changes made to Section 1 of the SDS. Please see manufacturer if further information is required.

# **DISCLAIMER**

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